

No.

200000122

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

TO ALL TO WHOM THESE PRESENTS SHALL COME:

Holden's Foundation Seeds L. L. C.

Whereas, THERE HAS BEEN PRESENTED TO THE

Secretary of Agriculture

AN APPLICATION REQUESTING A CERTIFICATE OF PROTECTION FOR AN ALLEGED DISTINCT VARIETY OF SEXUALLY REPRODUCED, OR TUBER PROPAGATED PLANT, THE NAME AND DESCRIPTION OF WHICH ARE CONTAINED IN THE APPLICATION AND EXHIBITS, A COPY OF WHICH IS HEREUNTO ANNEXED AND MADE A PART HEREOF, AND THE VARIOUS REQUIREMENTS OF LAW IN SUCH CASES MADE AND PROVIDED HAVE BEEN COMPLIED WITH, AND THE TITLE THERETO IS, FROM THE RECORDS OF THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE, IN THE APPLICANT(S) INDICATED IN THE SAID COPY, AND WHEREAS, UPON DUE EXAMINATION MADE, THE SAID APPLICANT(S) IS (ARE) ADJUDGED TO BE ENTITLED TO A CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION UNDER THE LAW.

NOW, THEREFORE, THIS CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION IS TO GRANT UNTO THE SAID APPLICANT(S) AND THE SUCCESSORS, HEIRS OR ASSIGNS OF THE SAID APPLICANT(S) FOR THE TERM OF TWENTY YEARS FROM THE DATE OF THIS GRANT, SUBJECT TO THE PAYMENT OF THE REQUIRED FEES AND PERIODIC REPLENISHMENT OF VIABLE BASIC SEED OF THE VARIETY IN A PUBLIC REPOSITORY AS PROVIDED BY LAW, THE RIGHT TO EXCLUDE OTHERS FROM SELLING THE VARIETY, OR OFFERING IT FOR SALE, OR REPRODUCING IT, OR IMPORTING IT, OR EXPORTING IT, OR CONDITIONING IT FOR PROPAGATION, OR STOCKING IT FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE PURPOSE, OR USING IT IN PRODUCING A HYBRID OR DIFFERENT VARIETY THEREFROM, TO THE EXTENT PROVIDED BY THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION ACT. (84 STAT. 1542, AS AMENDED, 7 U.S.C. 2321 ET SEQ.)

CORN, FIELD

'LH244'

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Plant Variety Protection Office to be affixed at the City of Washington, D.C. this thirtieth day of January, in the year two thousand two.

Attest:

Paul M. Jakob

Commissioner
Plant Variety Protection Office
Agricultural Marketing Service

Secretary

Secretary


U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE
SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY DIVISION - PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE

The following statements are made in accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a) and the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) of 1995

Application is required in order to determine if a plant variety protection certificate is to be issued (7 U.S.C. 2421). Information is held confidential until certificate is issued (7 U.S.C. 2426).

APPLICATION FOR PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION CERTIFICATE

(Instructions and information collection burden statement on reverse)

1. NAME OF APPLICANT(S) (as it is to appear on the Certificate)		2. TEMPORARY DESIGNATION OR EXPERIMENTAL NUMBER	3. VARIETY NAME
HOLDEN'S FOUNDATION SEEDS L.L.C.		Ex4713	LH244
4. ADDRESS (Street and No., or R.F.D. No., City, State, and ZIP Code, and Country)		5. TELEPHONE (include area code)	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY FILING DATE FEE RECEIVED
503 S. MAPLEWOOD AVENUE PO BOX 839 WILLIAMSBURG, IA 52361		(319)668-1100	
7. GENUS AND SPECIES NAME		6. FAX (include area code)	DATE
ZEA MAYS		(319)668-2453	1-7-00
8. FAMILY NAME (Botanical)		PLANT AND EXAMINATION FEE	
GRAMINEAE		\$ 2450	
9. CROP KIND NAME (Common name)		DATE	
CORN, FIELD		1-7-00	
10. IF THE APPLICANT NAMED IS NOT A "PERSON", GIVE FORM OF ORGANIZATION (corporation, partnership, association, etc.) (Common name)		CERTIFICATION FEE:	
LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY		\$ 320.00	
11. IF INCORPORATED, GIVE STATE OF INCORPORATION		DATE	
		1/22/02	
13. NAME AND ADDRESS OF APPLICANT REPRESENTATIVE(S), IF ANY, TO SERVE IN THIS APPLICATION AND RECEIVE ALL PAPERS		14. TELEPHONE (include area code)	
MR. MARK ARMSTRONG HOLDEN'S FOUNDATION SEEDS L.L.C. 503 S. MAPLEWOOD AVENUE PO BOX 839 WILLIAMSBURG, IA 52361		(319)668-1100	
		15. FAX (include area code)	
		(319)668-2453	
16. CHECK APPROPRIATE BOX FOR EACH ATTACHMENT SUBMITTED (Follow instructions on reverse)			
a. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Exhibit A. Origin and Breeding History of the Variety b. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Exhibit B. Statement of Distinctness c. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Exhibit C. Objective Description of the Variety d. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Exhibit D. Additional Description of the Variety (Optional) e. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Exhibit E. Statement of the Basis of the Applicant's Ownership f. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Voucher Sample (2,500 viable untreated seeds or, for tuber propagated varieties verification that tissue culture will be deposited and maintained in an approved public repository) g. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Filing and Examination Fee (\$2,450), made payable to "Treasurer of the United States" (Mail to PVPO)			
17. DOES THE APPLICANT SPECIFY THAT SEED OF THIS VARIETY BE SOLD BY VARIETY NAME ONLY, AS A CLASS OF CERTIFIED SEED? (See Section 83(a) of the Plant Variety Protection Act)			
<input type="checkbox"/> YES (If "yes," answer items 18 and 19 below) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO (If "no," go to item 20)			
18. DOES THE APPLICANT SPECIFY THAT SEED OF THIS VARIETY BE LIMITED AS TO NUMBER OF GENERATIONS?		19. IF "YES" TO ITEM 18, WHICH CLASSES OF PRODUCTION BEYOND BREEDER SEED	
<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO		<input type="checkbox"/> FOUNDATION <input type="checkbox"/> REGISTERED <input type="checkbox"/> CERTIFIED	
20. HAS THE VARIETY OR A HYBRID PRODUCED FROM THE VARIETY BEEN RELEASED, USED, OFFERED FOR SALE, OR MARKETED IN THE U.S. OR OTHER COUNTRIES?			
<input type="checkbox"/> YES (If "yes," give names of countries and dates) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO			
21. The applicant(s) declare that a viable sample of basic seed of the variety will be furnished with application and will be replenished upon request in accordance with such regulations as may be applicable, or for a tuber propagated variety a tissue culture will be deposited in a public repository and maintained for the duration of the certificate.			
The undersigned applicant(s) is(are) the owner(s) of this sexually reproduced or tuber propagated plant variety, and believe(s) that the variety is new, distinct, uniform, and stable as required in Section 42, and is entitled to protection under the provisions of Section 42 of the Plant Variety Protection Act.			
Applicant(s) is(are) informed that false representation herein can jeopardize protection and result in penalties.			
SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT (Owner(s))		SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT (Owner(s))	
			
NAME (Please print or type)		NAME (Please print or type)	
GARY ARTHUR			
CAPACITY OR TITLE	DATE	CAPACITY OR TITLE	DATE
PRESIDENT	1/3/00		

Origin and Breeding History of the Inbred

Exhibit A

The development of LH244 was initiated by making the single cross LH197 x LH199. This F1 single cross was then backcrossed with LH197. This F2 combination, LH197² x LH199 was then selfed and the pedigree system of plant breeding was then used in the development of LH244. Yield, stalk quality, root quality, disease tolerance, late plant greenness, late plant intactness, ear retention, pollen shedding ability, silking ability and corn borer tolerance were the criteria used to determine the rows from which ears were selected in the development of LH244.

LH197 and LH199, the progenitors of LH244, are both proprietary field corn inbred lines developed by Holden's Foundation Seeds, LLC. In November of 1991, Holden's applied for a certificate of Plant Variety Protection for LH197 and LH199. On April 30, 1992, LH197 was issued certificate #9200020 and LH199 was issued certificate #9200024. A utility patent issued from the United States Patent Office also protects both inbreds. LH197 is protected by U.S. patent #5,304,716 and LH199 is protected by U.S. patent #5,304,715. Both patents were issued on April 19, 1994.

On the following pages are a summary and description of the development of LH244. Also included are copies of pages from Holden's Foundation Seeds, Inc. nursery books. The rows associated with the development of LH244 have been highlighted.

LH244 has shown uniformity and stability for all traits described in Exhibit C. It has been self-pollinated and ear-rowed a sufficient number of generations, with careful attention to uniformity of plant type to ensure homozygosity and phenotypic stability. The line has been increased both by hand (Iowa 1997 and 1998) and sibbed in isolated production fields (Hawaii 1999 and Iowa 1999) with continued observations for uniformity and stability. Mark F. Armstrong, the originating plant breeder, has observed LH244 all three generations it has been increased. The line is uniform, stable and no variant traits have been observed or are anticipated in LH244.

Origin and Breeding History of the Inbred
LH244=Ex4713=LH197(2) x LH199

<u>Field/Row</u>	<u>Pedigree</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Year</u>
East Mumm	LH244	Iowa	1999
Tamura	LH244	Hawaii	1999
25840-25851	Ex4713	Iowa	1998
21724	LH197(2) x LH199 @7	Iowa	1997
35506	LH197(2) x LH199 @6	Iowa	1996
39637	LH197(2) x LH199 @5	Hawaii	1996
41014	LH197(2) x LH199 @4	Iowa	1995
4452	LH197(2) x LH199 @3	Hawaii	1995
10857	LH197(2) x LH199 @2	Iowa	1994
9958	LH197(2) x LH199 @1	Iowa	1993
32561	LH197)(LH197 x LH199	Hawaii	1993
41742	LH197	Iowa	1992
41739	LH197 x LH199		
40570	LH197	Iowa	1991
40572	LH199		

Novelty Statement

Exhibit B

LH244 is most similar to LH197. However, the most distinguishing difference is plant height. LH244 is shorter in plant height than LH197. Enclosed is data collected at Williamsburg, Iowa, from two different planting dates in 1999, comparing the plant heights of LH244 and LH197 at 50 observations for each planting date. The data suggests a significant difference at the 1% probability level according to a paired T test in both comparisons. Means show that on average LH244 is shorter in plant height than LH197.

The silk color of both LH244 and LH197 is red however the silk color of LH244 is lighter red in color than the LH197 silk color. When using the Munsell Color Charts for Plant Tissues as a reference, the silk color of LH244 would be classified as 2.5R 5/6 while the silk color of LH197 would be classified as 5R 3/8.

The ears of LH244 appear to be more slender and tapered than the ears of LH197 which appear more girthy and blocky.

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**TWOSAMPLE T FOR LH244 Plant Height VS LH197 Plant Height
1999 Imhoff**

Variety Name	Average	Standard Deviation	Sample Size	Analysis Type	Statistic	Probability Value
LH244	215.40	6.61	50	T-test	T=-5.50	0.0000
LH197	223.16	7.48	50		DF=96	

Year of tests:	1999 Imhoff
Location of tests:	Williamsburg, Iowa

Mann-Whitney Confidence Interval and Test

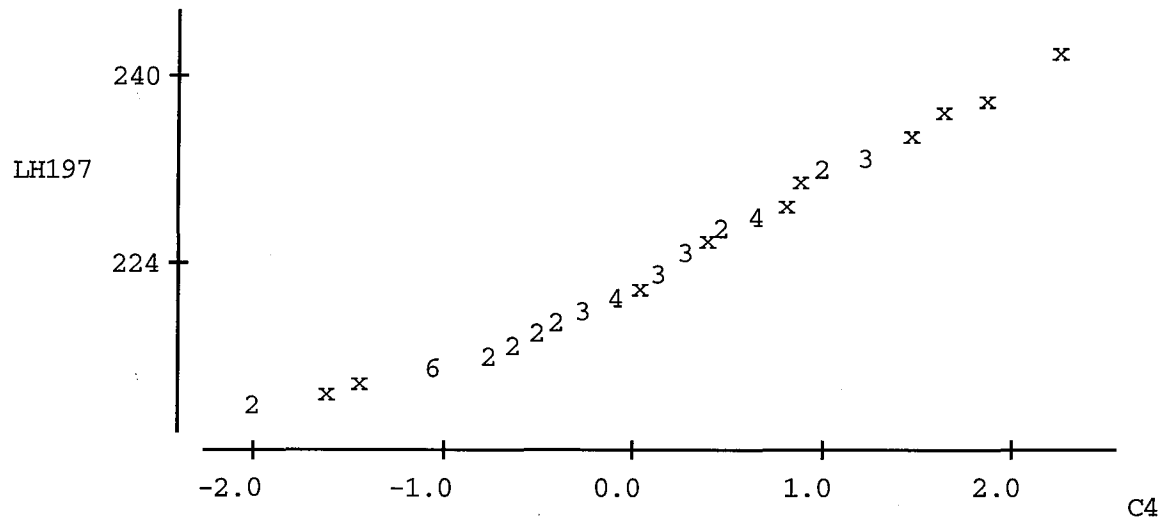
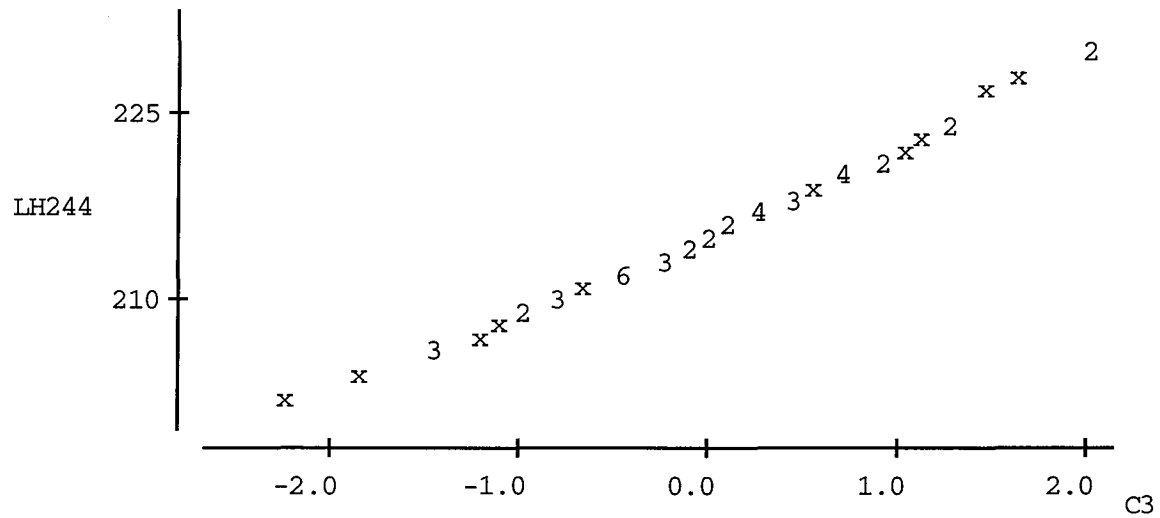
LH244 N = 50 Median = 215.00
 LH197 N = 50 Median = 221.50

Point estimate for ETA1-ETA2 is -7.50
 95.0 pct c.i. for ETA1-ETA2 is (-10.00,-5.00)

W = 1831.5

Test of ETA1 = ETA2 vs. ETA1 n.e. ETA2 is significant at 0.0000
 The test is significant at 0.0000 (adjusted for ties)

LH244 Plant Height VS LH197 Plant Height
1999 Imhoff



**TWOSAMPLE T FOR LH244 Plant Height VS LH197 Plant Height
1999 E. Fairground**

Variety Name	Average	Standard Deviation	Sample Size	Analysis Type	Statistic	Probabili- ty Value
LH244	232.38	7.13	50	T-test	T=-11.76	0.0000
LH197	251.64	9.13	50		DF=92	

Year of tests:	1999 E. Fairground
Location of tests:	Williamsburg, Iowa

Mann-Whitney Confidence Interval and Test

LH244 N = 50 Median = 233.00
LH197 N = 50 Median = 253.00

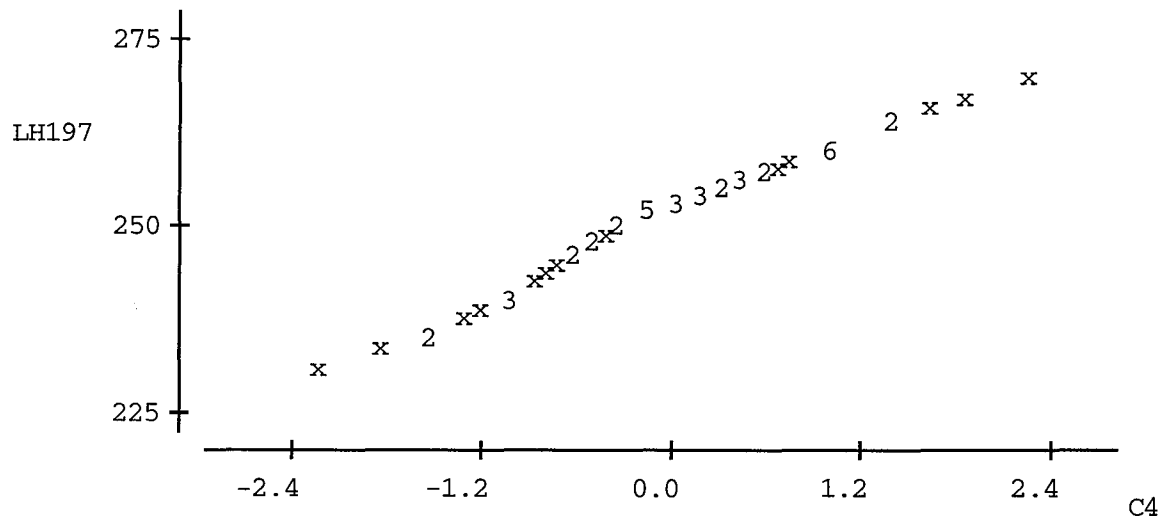
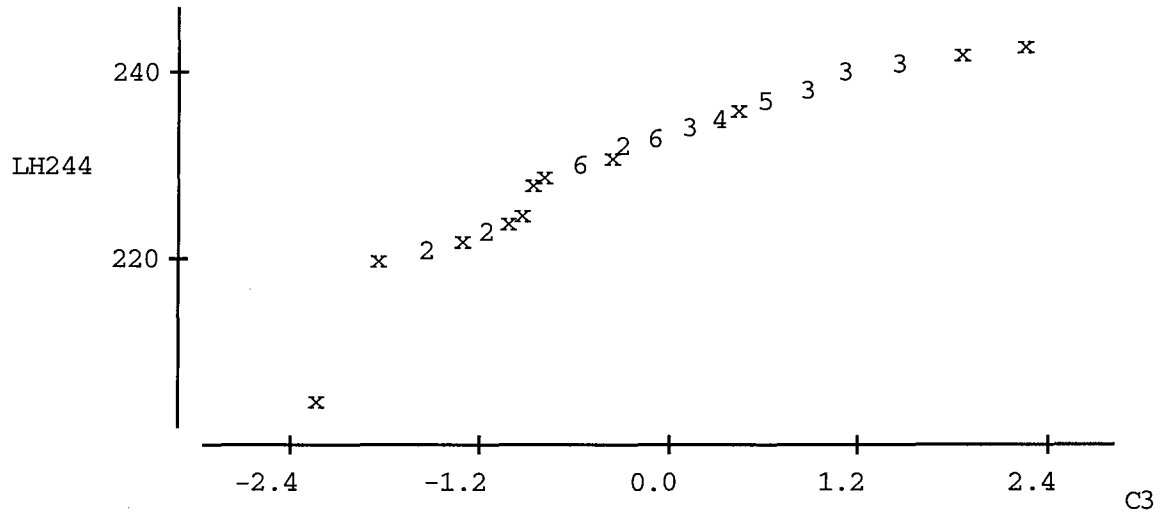
Point estimate for ETA1-ETA2 is -19.00
95.0 pct c.i. for ETA1-ETA2 is (-22.00,-16.00)

W = 1405.5

Test of ETA1 = ETA2 vs. ETA1 n.e. ETA2 is significant at 0.0000
The test is significant at 0.0000 (adjusted for ties)

2000001221

LH244 Plant Height VS LH197 Plant Height 1999 E. Fairground



United States Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Marketing Service
Science Division, Plant Variety Protection Office
National Agricultural Library Building, Room 500
Beltsville, MD 20705

OBJECTIVE DESCRIPTION OF VARIETY
CORN (*Zea mays* L.)

Name of Applicant(s) HOLDEN'S FOUNDATION SEEDS, L.L.C.		Variety Seed Source IOWA 1998		Variety Name or Temporary Designation LH244																																					
Address (Street & No., or R.F.D. No., City, State, Zip Code and Country) 503 SOUTH MAPLEWOOD AVE WILLIAMSBURG, IA 52361				FOR OFFICIAL USE PVPO Number																																					
Place the appropriate number that describes the varietal characters typical of this inbred variety in the spaces below. Right justify whole numbers by adding leading zeroes if necessary. Completeness should be striven for to establish an adequate variety description. Traits designated by a '*' are considered necessary for an adequate variety description and must be completed.																																									
<p>COLOR CHOICES (Use in conjunction with Munsell color code to describe all color choices; describe #25 and #26 in Comments section):</p> <table style="width:100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td>01=Light Green</td> <td>06=Pale Yellow</td> <td>11=Pink</td> <td>16=Pale Purple</td> <td>21=Buff</td> </tr> <tr> <td>02=Medium Green</td> <td>07=Yellow</td> <td>12=Light Red</td> <td>17=Purple</td> <td>22=Tan</td> </tr> <tr> <td>03=Dark Green</td> <td>08=Yellow-Orange</td> <td>13=Cherry Red</td> <td>18=Colorless</td> <td>23=Brown</td> </tr> <tr> <td>04=Very Dark Green</td> <td>09=Salmon</td> <td>14=Red</td> <td>19=White</td> <td>24=Bronze</td> </tr> <tr> <td>05=Green-Yellow</td> <td>10=Pink-Orange</td> <td>15=Red & White</td> <td>20=White Capped</td> <td>25=Variegated (Describe)</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>26=Other (Describe)</td> </tr> </table>						01=Light Green	06=Pale Yellow	11=Pink	16=Pale Purple	21=Buff	02=Medium Green	07=Yellow	12=Light Red	17=Purple	22=Tan	03=Dark Green	08=Yellow-Orange	13=Cherry Red	18=Colorless	23=Brown	04=Very Dark Green	09=Salmon	14=Red	19=White	24=Bronze	05=Green-Yellow	10=Pink-Orange	15=Red & White	20=White Capped	25=Variegated (Describe)					26=Other (Describe)						
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<p>1. TYPE: (describe intermediate types in Comments section)</p> <p>* <u>2</u> 1=Sweet 2=Dent 3=Flint 4=Flour 5=Pop 6=Ornamental 7=Popcorn</p>			<p>Standard Inbred Name <u>B73</u></p> <p><u>2</u></p>																																						
<p>2. REGION WHERE DEVELOPED IN THE U.S.A.:</p> <p>* <u>2</u> 1=Northwest 2=Northcentral 3=Northeast 4=Southeast 5=Southcentral 6=Southwest 7=Other</p>			<p>Standard Seed Source <u>IOWA STATE UNIV.</u></p> <p><u>2</u></p>																																						
<p>3. MATURITY (In Region Best Adaptability: show Heat Unit formula in "Comments" section):</p> <table style="width:100%; border: none;"> <tr> <th style="text-align: left;">DAYS</th> <th style="text-align: left;">HEAT UNITS</th> <th></th> </tr> <tr> <td>* <u>71</u></td> <td><u>14260</u></td> <td>From emergence to 50% of plants in silk</td> </tr> <tr> <td>* <u>70</u></td> <td><u>13990</u></td> <td>From emergence to 50% of plants in pollen</td> </tr> <tr> <td>---</td> <td>---</td> <td>From 10% to 90% pollen shed</td> </tr> <tr> <td>(*) ---</td> <td>---</td> <td>From 50% silk to optimum edible quality</td> </tr> <tr> <td>---</td> <td>---</td> <td>From 50% silk to harvest at 25% moisture</td> </tr> </table>			DAYS	HEAT UNITS		* <u>71</u>	<u>14260</u>	From emergence to 50% of plants in silk	* <u>70</u>	<u>13990</u>	From emergence to 50% of plants in pollen	---	---	From 10% to 90% pollen shed	(*) ---	---	From 50% silk to optimum edible quality	---	---	From 50% silk to harvest at 25% moisture	<table style="width:100%; border: none;"> <tr> <th style="text-align: left;">DAYS</th> <th style="text-align: left;">HEAT UNITS</th> </tr> <tr> <td><u>75</u></td> <td><u>15405</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td><u>73</u></td> <td><u>14845</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>---</td> <td>---</td> </tr> <tr> <td>---</td> <td>---</td> </tr> <tr> <td>---</td> <td>---</td> </tr> </table>			DAYS	HEAT UNITS	<u>75</u>	<u>15405</u>	<u>73</u>	<u>14845</u>	---	---	---	---	---	---						
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<u>9.9</u>	<u>1.07</u>	<u>50</u>																																							
<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>50</u>																																							
<u>1.7</u>	<u>.40</u>	<u>50</u>																																							
Application Variety Data			Standard Inbred Data																																						

Application Variety Data			Standard Inbred Data		
Page 2					
5. LEAF:			Standard Deviation Sample Size		
* <u>8.8</u> cm Width of Ear Node Leaf	<u>.58</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>9.5</u>	<u>.70</u>	<u>50</u>
* <u>7 3.6</u> cm Length of Ear Node Leaf	<u>2.84</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>7 8.5</u>	<u>3.86</u>	<u>50</u>
* <u>6</u> Number of leaves above top ear	<u>.61</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>.56</u>	<u>50</u>
<u>2 9</u> degrees Leaf Angle (measure from 2nd leaf above ear at anthesis to stalk above leaf)	<u>4.10</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>1 7</u>	<u>3.98</u>	<u>50</u>
* <u>0 2</u> Leaf Color (Munsell code <u>5GY 4/4</u>)			<u>0 2</u> (Munsell code <u>5GY 4/4</u>)		
<u>6</u> Leaf Sheath Pubescence (Rate on scale from 1=none to 9=like peach fuzz)			<u>4</u>		
<u>2</u> Marginal Waves (Rate on scale from 1=none to 9=many)			<u>1</u>		
<u>3</u> Longitudinal Creases (Rate on scale from 1=none to 9=many)			<u>3</u>		
6. TASSEL:			Standard Deviation Sample Size		
* <u>0 9</u> Number of Primary Lateral Branches	<u>1.74</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>1.39</u>	<u>50</u>
<u>2 5</u> Branch Angle from Central Spike	<u>8.15</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>1 4</u>	<u>6.58</u>	<u>50</u>
* <u>4 2.6</u> cm Tassel Length (from top leaf collar to tassel tip)	<u>4.57</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>3 6 4</u>	<u>6.52</u>	<u>50</u>
<u>6</u> Pollen Shed (Rate on scale from 0=male sterile to 9=heavy shed)			<u>6</u>		
<u>0 7</u> Anther Color (Munsell code <u>5Y 8/8</u>)			<u>1 6</u> (Munsell code <u>5RP 5/4</u>)		
<u>0 2</u> Glume Color (Munsell code <u>5GY 5/6</u>)			<u>0 2</u> (Munsell code <u>5GY 5/6</u>)		
<u>1</u> Bar Glumes (Glume Bands): 1=Absent 2=Present			<u>1</u>		
7a. EAR (Unhusked Data):					
* <u>1 2</u> Silk Color (3 days after emergence) (Munsell code <u>2.5R 5/6</u>)			<u>0 1</u> (Munsell code <u>2.5^GY 8/6</u>)		
<u>0 1</u> Fresh Husk Color (25 days after 50% silking) (Munsell code <u>5GY 6/6</u>)			<u>0 1</u> (Munsell code <u>5GY 5/6</u>)		
<u>2 1</u> Dry Husk Color (65 days after 50% Silking) (Munsell code <u>7.5YR 7/4</u>)			<u>2 1</u> (Munsell code <u>7.5YR 7/4</u>)		
* <u>1</u> Position of Ear at Dry Husk Stage: 1=Upright 2=Horizontal 3=Pendent			<u>3</u>		
<u>5</u> Husk Tightness (Rate on scale from 1=very loose to 9=very tight)			<u>5</u>		
<u>2</u> Husk Extension (at harvest): 1=Short (ears exposed) 2=Medium (<8 cm) 3=Long (8-10 cm beyond ear tip) 4=Very Long (>10 cm)			<u>3</u>		
7b. EAR (Husked Ear Data):			Standard Deviation Sample Size		
* <u>1 7.0</u> cm Ear Length	<u>1.20</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>1 4.0</u>	<u>1.19</u>	<u>50</u>
* <u>4 2.1</u> mm Ear Diameter at mid-point	<u>2.20</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>4 2.6</u>	<u>2.80</u>	<u>50</u>
<u>1 2 3 9</u> gm Ear Weight	<u>25.81</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>8 3.0</u>	<u>23.92</u>	<u>50</u>
* <u>1 6</u> Number of Kernel Rows	<u>1.57</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>1 6</u>	<u>1.64</u>	<u>50</u>
<u>1</u> Kernel Rows: 1=Indistinct 2=Distinct			<u>2</u>		
<u>1</u> Row Alignment: 1=Straight 2=Slightly Curved 3=Spiral			<u>1</u>		
<u>1 6.2</u> cm Shank Length	<u>3.35</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>8 8</u>	<u>1.89</u>	<u>50</u>
<u>2</u> Ear Taper: 1=Slight 2=Average 3=Extreme			<u>1</u>		
Application Variety Data			Standard Inbred Data		

Application Variety Data	Page 3	Standard Inbred Data 200000122																														
<p>8. KERNEL (Dried):</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th style="text-align: center;">Standard Deviation</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Sample Size</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><u>1 0.7</u> mm Kernel Length</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><u>.70</u></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><u>50</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td><u>8.2</u> mm Kernel Width</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><u>.60</u></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><u>50</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td><u>4.9</u> mm Kernel Thickness</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><u>.30</u></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><u>50</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td><u>3 8.1</u> % Round Kernels (Shape Grade)</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><u>5.38</u></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><u>15</u></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>1 Aleurone Color Pattern: 1=Homozygous 2=Segregating _____</p> <p>(*) <u>1 9</u> Aleurone Color (Munsell code <u>2.5Y 8/2</u>)</p> <p>* <u>0.7</u> Hard Endosperm Color (Munsell code <u>2.5Y 8/8</u>)</p> <p>* <u>0 3</u> Endosperm Type: 1=Sweet (su1) 2=Extra Sweet (sh2) 3=Normal Starch 4=High Amylose Starch 5=Waxy Starch 6=High Protein 7=High Lysine 8=Super Sweet (se) 9=High Oil 10=Other _____</p> <p><u>2 4.6</u> gm Weight per 100 Kernels (unsized sample) <u>.49</u> <u>15</u></p>		Standard Deviation	Sample Size	<u>1 0.7</u> mm Kernel Length	<u>.70</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>8.2</u> mm Kernel Width	<u>.60</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>4.9</u> mm Kernel Thickness	<u>.30</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>3 8.1</u> % Round Kernels (Shape Grade)	<u>5.38</u>	<u>15</u>		<table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th style="text-align: center;">Standard Deviation</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Sample Size</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><u>1 0.5</u></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><u>.90</u></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><u>50</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td><u>8.1</u></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><u>.50</u></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><u>50</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td><u>5.0</u></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><u>.90</u></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><u>50</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td><u>3 5.9</u></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><u>6.34</u></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><u>15</u></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><u>1</u></p> <p><u>1 9</u> (Munsell code <u>2.5Y 8/2</u>)</p> <p><u>0 7</u> (Munsell code <u>2.5Y 5/6</u>)</p> <p><u>0 3</u></p> <p><u>2 3.4</u> <u>.45</u> <u>15</u></p>		Standard Deviation	Sample Size	<u>1 0.5</u>	<u>.90</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>8.1</u>	<u>.50</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>5.0</u>	<u>.90</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>3 5.9</u>	<u>6.34</u>	<u>15</u>
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<p>10. DISEASE RESISTANCE (Rate from 1 (most susceptible) to 9 (most resistant); leave blank if not tested; leave Race or Strain Options blank if polygenic):</p> <p>A. Leaf Blights, Wilts, and Local Infection Diseases</p> <p>___ Anthracnose Leaf Blight (<i>Colletotrichum graminicola</i>)</p> <p>___ Common Rust (<i>Puccinia sorghi</i>)</p> <p>___ Common Smut (<i>Ustilago maydis</i>)</p> <p><u>6</u> Eyespot (<i>Kabatiella zeae</i>)</p> <p>___ Goss's Wilt (<i>Clavibacter michiganense</i> spp. <i>nebraskense</i>)</p> <p>___ Gray Leaf Spot (<i>Cercospora zeae-maydis</i>)</p> <p><u>5</u> Helminthosporium Leaf Spot (<i>Bipolaris zeicola</i>) Race <u>3</u></p> <p><u>5</u> Northern Leaf Blight (<i>Exserohilum turcicum</i>) Race <u>1</u></p> <p>___ Southern Leaf Blight (<i>Bipolaris maydis</i>) Race _____</p> <p>___ Southern Rust (<i>Puccinia polysora</i>)</p> <p>___ Stewart's Wilt (<i>Erwinia stewartii</i>)</p> <p>___ Other (Specify) _____</p> <p>B. Systemic Diseases</p> <p>___ Corn Lethal Necrosis (MCMV and MDMV)</p> <p>___ Head Smut (<i>Sphacelotheca reiliana</i>)</p> <p>___ Maize Chlorotic Dwarf Virus (MCDV)</p> <p>___ Maize Chlorotic Mottle Virus (MCMV)</p> <p>___ Maize Dwarf Mosaic Virus (MDMV) Strain _____</p> <p>___ Sorghum Downy Mildew of Corn (<i>Peronosclerospora sorghi</i>)</p> <p>___ Other (Specify) _____</p> <p>C. Stalk Rots</p> <p>___ Anthracnose Stalk Rot (<i>Colletotrichum graminicola</i>)</p> <p>___ Diplodia Stalk Rot (<i>Stenocarpella maydis</i>)</p> <p>___ Fusarium Stalk Rot (<i>Fusarium moniliforme</i>)</p> <p>___ Gibberella Stalk Rot (<i>Gibberella zeae</i>)</p> <p>___ Other (Specify) _____</p> <p>D. Ear and Kernel Rots</p> <p>___ Aspergillus Ear and Kernel Rot (<i>Aspergillus flavus</i>)</p> <p>___ Diplodia Ear Rot (<i>Stenocarpella maydis</i>)</p> <p>___ Fusarium Ear and Kernel Rot (<i>Fusarium moniliforme</i>)</p> <p>___ Gibberella Ear Rot (<i>Gibberella zeae</i>)</p> <p>___ Other (Specify) _____</p>																																
Application Variety Data		Standard Inbred Data																														

Note: Use chart on first page to choose color codes for color traits.

11

11. INSECT RESISTANCE (Rate from 1 (most susceptible) to 9 (most resistant); leave blank if not tested):

	Standard Deviation	Sample Size	Standard Deviation	Sample Size
— Banks Grass Mite (<i>Oligonychus pratensis</i>)				
— Corn Earworm (<i>Helicoverpa zea</i>)				
— Leaf-Feeding				
— Silk Feeding :				
— _____ mg larval wt.				
— Ear Damage				
— Corn Leaf Aphid (<i>Rhopalosiphum maidis</i>)				
— Corn Sap Beetle (<i>Carpophilus dimidiatus</i>)				
— European Corn Borer (<i>Ostrinia nubilalis</i>)				
— 1st Generation (Typically Whorl Leaf Feeding)				
— 2nd Generation (Typically Leaf Sheath-Collar Feeding)				
— Stalk Tunneling :				
— _____ cm tunneled/plant				
— Fall Armyworm (<i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>)				
— Leaf-Feeding				
— Silk-Feeding :				
— _____ mg larval wt.				
— Maize Weevil (<i>Sitophilus zeamaze</i>)				
— Northern Rootworm (<i>Diabrotica barberi</i>)				
— Southern Rootworm (<i>Diabrotica undecimpunctata</i>)				
— Southwestern Corn Borer (<i>Diatraea grandiosella</i>)				
— Leaf Feeding				
— Stalk Tunneling :				
— _____ cm tunneled/plant				
— Two-spotted Spider Mite (<i>Tetranychus urticae</i>)				
— Western Rootworm (<i>Diabrotica virgifera virgifera</i>)				
— Other (Specify) _____				

12. AGRONOMIC TRAITS:

— <u>7</u> Stay Green (at 65 days after anthesis) (Rate on a scale from 1=worst to 9=excellent.)	<u>5</u>
— <u>0.0</u> % Dropped Ears (at 65 days after anthesis)	<u>0 0</u>
— <u>0.0</u> % Pre-anthesis Brittle Snapping	<u>0 0</u>
— <u>0.0</u> % Pre-anthesis Root Lodging	<u>0 0</u>
— <u>0.0</u> % Post-anthesis Root Lodging (at 65 days after anthesis)	<u>0 0</u>
— _____ Kg/ha Yield of Inbred Per Se (at 12-13% grain moisture)	<u> </u>

13. MOLECULAR MARKERS: (0=data unavailable; 1=data available but not supplied; 2=data supplied)

0 Isozymes 0 RFLP's 0 RAPD's

REFERENCES:

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 Emerson, R.A., G.W. Beadle, and A.C. Fraser. 1935. A Summary of Linkage Studies in Maize. Cornell A.E.S., Mem. 180.
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 Stringfield, G.H. Maize Inbred Lines of Ohio. Ohio A.E.S., Bul. 831. 1959.
 U.S. Department of Agriculture. 1936, 1937. Yearbook.

COMMENTS (eg. state how heat units were calculated, standard inbred seed source, and/or where data was collected. Continue in Exhibit D):

$$GDD = \frac{T_{max} + T_{min}}{2} - 50^{\circ}F$$

$$\begin{aligned} T_{max} &\leq 86^{\circ}F \\ T_{min} &\geq 50^{\circ}F \end{aligned}$$

STANDARD SEED SOURCE: IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY

DATA COLLECTED @ WILLIAMSBURG, IA 1999

12

Additional Description of the Inbred

Exhibit D

LH244 is a medium season field corn inbred line with a Stiff Stalk family background that is best adapted to the central regions of the corn belt. LH244 flowers similar to one day earlier than LH198. In the seed production field, LH244 appears to be an excellent seed parent.

In hybrid combinations, LH244 has demonstrated high yield potential, improved root strength and very good combining ability. LH244 hybrids display a long ear and very good late season plant intactness. The harvest moistures of LH244 crosses are 0.5% higher than comparable LH198 crosses.

JMS 11/20/01
After some thought and evaluation, I have concluded that the reason for the large standard deviations in my statistical analysis is poor experimental design. I neglected to take into account the effect the end plants in the row have in my analysis. One to sometimes four plants at the end of each row have a dramatic effect on the standard deviation of the individual plants being evaluated. My understanding of this effect on this statistical function and its contribution to variance components was poor. To correct this flaw in my analysis, I will not allow my technician to measure these end plants. I will also more closely monitor the growth and uniformity of the individual plants in the row being evaluated.

2000000121



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

The following statements are made in accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a) and the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) of 1995.

Application is required in order to determine if a plant variety protection certificate is to be issued (7 U.S.C. 2421). Information is held confidential until certificate is issued (7 U.S.C. 2426).

EXHIBIT E
STATEMENT OF THE BASIS OF OWNERSHIP

1. NAME OF APPLICANT(S) HOLDEN'S FOUNDATION SEEDS L.L.C.	2. TEMPORARY DESIGNATION OR EXPERIMENTAL NUMBER EX 4713	3. VARIETY NAME LH244
4. ADDRESS (Street and No., or R.F.D. No., City, State, and ZIP Code, and Country) 503 S. MAPLEWOOD AVENUE PO BOX 839 WILLIAMSBURG, IA 52361	5. TELEPHONE (include area code) (319)668-1100	6. FAX (include area code) (319)668-2453
7. PVPO NUMBER 200000122		
8. Does the applicant own all rights to the variety? Mark an "X" in appropriate block. If no, please explain. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO		
9. Is the applicant (individual or company) a U.S. national or U.S. based company? If no, give name of country <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO		
10. Is the applicant the original owner? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO If no, please answer the following: a. If original rights to variety were owned by individual(s), is (are) the original owner(s) a U.S. national(s)? <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO If no, give name of country _____ b. If original rights to variety were owned by a company, is the original owner(s) a U.S. based company? <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO If no, give name of country _____		
11. Additional explanation on ownership (If needed, use reverse for extra space):		

PLEASE NOTE:

Plant variety protection can be afforded only to owners (not licensees) who meet one of the following criteria:

1. If the rights to the variety are owned by the original breeder, that person must be a U.S. national, national of a UPOV member country, or national of a country which affords similar protection to nationals of the U.S. for the same genus and species.
2. If the rights to the variety are owned by the company which employed the original breeder(s), the company must be U.S. based, owned by nationals of a UPOV member country, or owned by nationals of a country which affords similar protection to nationals of the U.S. for the same genus and species.
3. If the applicant is an owner who is not the original owner, both the original owner and the applicant must meet one of the above criteria.

The original breeder/owner may be the individual or company who directed final breeding. See Section 41(a)(2) of the Plant Variety Protection Act for definition.

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0581-0055. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 10 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

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